

Autumn 2019 - No. 1

Travel Guide

INSIDE

Discover the beauty of Iran - Culture, Tours & Attractions
Unknown Destination: **Lorestan**

Feel
IRAN :))

Photographer: Ali Kani | Chahkooh Canyon - Qeshm Island, Iran



Best Hotels

PLAN YOUR TRIP TO IRAN AND FIND YOUR HOTELS FOR THE BEST PRICE IN THE BEST DESTINATIONS.

PAGE 13

Top Destinations

AN INTRODUCTION TO IRAN'S UNESCO WORLD HERITAGE SITES, ALONG WITH THE RECENTLY ADDED, HYRCANIAN FORESTS.

PAGE 6

Lifestyle

DISCOVER HOW LIFE GOES ON IN IRAN. LEARN LOCAL SECRETS LIKE AN INSIDER.

PAGE 18

Cultural Diversity

EXPERIENCE A BLEND OF ART & CULTURE & GETTING ENOUGH DOSE OF INFORMATION ABOUT WHERE TO GO & WHAT TO BUY.

PAGE 5

Travel like locals

QUICK TIPS 10

1 Ramadan in Iran: Grown-ups (over 18) should not eat or drink in the streets or public places during Ramadan in Iran. Smoking or chewing gum are also forbidden.

Hotels serve food and drink during Ramadan and there is no problem to eat inside hotels.

2 Get a Taxi in Iran: People share taxis in Iran. Up to four adults with different destinations in the same region can sit in a taxi simultaneously. You must pay more for a personal taxi. Plus, Snapp and Tap30 are online services (like Uber) that are quick ways to get a private taxi. For using these taxi applications, you need to have an Iranian SIM card.

Uber doesn't work in Iran.

3 Driving in Iran: Drivers in Iran sit on the left side of the car and they keep to the right side of the road. All boards and signs are international and street names are written in English and Farsi.

4 Rent a car in Iran: EuropeCar is active in Iran. You can rent a car from any available brand in Iran and explore the city you are in. Pickup places can be main airports in Iran including Shiraz, Tehran, Isfahan, Mashhad, Tabriz and Kish Island.

5 Visa for Iran: All EU and American residents, as well as many Asian ones, need a valid visa to enter Iran. You can obtain this visa on your arrival at the airport (VoA) or get it online in advance.

Iranian tourist visa rules for UK, USA, and Canada passport holders are a little bit different than other nationalities. Please read the instruction first, then apply online for your Iranian visa.

6 Long Stay Apartment in Iran: As companies like Airbnb are not available in Iran, it is not possible to book a room in Iran. You can stay in hotels and hostels instead.

7 Iranian Currency - Rial or Toman? The formal currency (transactions, contracts, etc.) in Iran is Rial, however, people use Toman in their everyday deals. The bill is the same for both so no worries about it.

8 Drinking Water in Iran. You can drink water from almost any tap in Iran. The water from pipes in Iran is carefully refined because Iranians use water in the toilet.

WARNING!

Iran has two currencies: Rial & Toman. The former is mostly used as an official currency while the latter is used in daily life. You have to pay in Toman, but be able to calculate in Rial. As an equation 1000 Rial is equal to 100 Toman.

TIPPING GUIDE

To give you a bit of guidance, we have put together the following tipping notes. These are just suggestions, based on feedback from past travelers and our staffs on the ground.

TOP 5

Persian Handicrafts

THAT YOU CAN PURCHASE AS SOUVENIRS

WHAT TO BUY?

Where to Buy?

It is hard to say goodbye to Iran and all its beauties, colors, and lights. You will miss it from the moment you step inside the airplane on your way back home.

How about taking a piece of Iran with you? Luckily, Iran is a very rich country when it comes to handicrafts. You cannot resist buying one of its traditional, glamorous, and stunning handicrafts when you see them. Here, we introduce you the Top 5 Iran Handicrafts that will look amazing as a part of your home decoration.

1. Mina Kari: Enamel Painting on Copper

PACK ALL THE COLORS OF A SPRING SKY TO YOUR SUITCASE! ONE OF THE MOST INCREDIBLE SOUVENIRS FROM IRAN IS A VASE OR PLATE DECORATED IN A TRADITIONAL IRANIAN TECHNIQUE, CALLED MINA KARI. ISFAHAN IS REGARDED AS A CENTER OF THIS ART, AND THERE YOU CAN FIND FABULOUS SAMPLES OF REFINED PAINTINGS WITH A SURPRISING VARIETY OF DESIGNS AND PATTERNS.

2. Khatam Kari: Marquetry with Wood & Metal

KHATAM IS A PERSIAN LAYING AND IS A KIND OF MARQUETRY ART THAT IS MADE BY DECORATING THE WOODEN ARTICLES WITH WOOD AND METAL. THEY ALSO USE SOME MATERIALS SUCH AS GOLD, SILVER, BRASS, ALUMINUM, AND SOMETIMES TWISTED WIRE. KHATAM KARI IS AN ELABORATE PROCESS. REMARKABLY, SOMETIMES THERE ARE MORE THAN 400 PIECES PER SQUARE INCH. YOU CAN BUY FRAMES, BOXES, PEN AND PEN HOLDERS IN KHATAM, MAINLY IN ISFAHAN, SHIRAZ & QOM.

3. Carpet

PERSIAN CARPETS REPRESENT CULTURAL ELEMENTS OF DIFFERENT IRANIAN ETHNIC GROUPS. THESE RUGS ARE USUALLY HANDMADE. WHAT IS FASCINATING ABOUT THESE HANDMADE RUGS IS THAT MOST OF THEM DO NOT EVEN HAVE A WRITTEN PATTERN. DO NOT WORRY ABOUT THEIR SIZE, THERE ARE VARIOUS TYPES OF CARPET AND ITS OTHER CATEGORIES, E.G. GELIM, THAT HAS A SMALLER SIZE. WHERE TO BUY CARPET? EVERYWHERE IN IRAN BUT MOSTLY IN KASHAN, ISFAHAN, TABRIZ, AND KERMAN.

4. Termeh: Luxury Quilted Textile

PERSIAN CASHMERE ('TERMEH' IN FARSI) IS THE MOST EYE-CATCHING, STYLISH, AND DELICATE FORM OF FABRIC FROM THE HISTORICAL CITY OF YAZD THAT HAS MULTI-FUNCTIONAL USAGES. CASHMERE IS USED FOR MAKING A WALLET OR PURSE, SHOES, TABLE LINEN, AND JEWELRY BOX. TAKE ONE OF THESE PIECES OF ART HOME AS A MEMORY OF YOUR VISIT FROM IRAN. YOU CAN FIND THIS FINE HANDICRAFT IN YAZD AND TEHRAN.

5. Firouzeh koobi: Turquoise Inlaying

FIROUZEH KOOBI IS ONE OF ISFAHAN HANDICRAFTS, CREATED BY INLAYING SMALL PIECES OF TURQUOISE STONE ON THE SURFACE OF COPPER OBJECTS – DISHES, VASES, CUPS, ETC. SMALL STONES ARE GLUED TO THE SURFACE SIDE BY SIDE, FORMING THE MOSAICS ORNAMENT. AFTER POLISHING AND LACQUERING THE STONES GAIN SHINE AND DEEP BLUE COLOR.

OPEN-AIR MUSEUMS

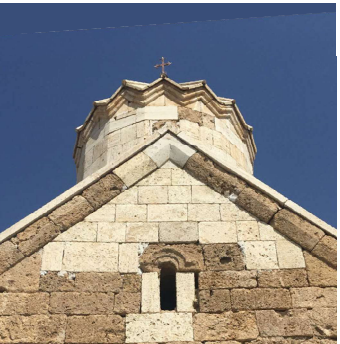
FROM NORTH TO SOUTH AND EAST TO WEST, THERE ARE MORE THAN 23 SITES IN IRAN THAT ARE REGISTERED ON UNESCO WORLD HERITAGE SITES LIST.

OPEN-AIR MUSEUM

The hectic capital city of Tehran welcomes you with its registered majestic Golestan Palace, the architectural masterpiece of Qajar era. Isfahan – said to be the half of the world in Persian proverbs – leaves you in wonder with its Masjed-e Jāmé (Jame Mosque) and Meidan Emam (Emam Square). The Historic City of Yazd with its maze-like small, adobe, and ancient alleys is a UNESCO Site by itself.

The aromatic city of Shiraz is the representative of the Achaemenid Empire by showing you the fabulous Pasargadae and Persepolis. Bam and its Cultural Landscape is still full of dignity and power after the fatal earthquake in Kerman. Tabriz Historic Bazaar Complex is a magnificent area both for shopping traditional Iranian goods and visiting its architecture.

Armenian Monastic Ensembles of Iran, Bisotun, Cultural Landscape of Maymand, Gonbad-e Qābus, Sassanid Archaeological Landscape of Fars Region, Shahr-i Sokhta, Sheikh Safi al-din Khānegāh and Shrine Ensemble in Ardabil, Shushtar Historical Hydraulic System, Soltaniyeh, Susa, Takht-e Soleyman, Tchogha Zanbil, The Persian Garden, The Persian Qanat, Lut Desert are other UNESCO World Heritage Sites in Iran.



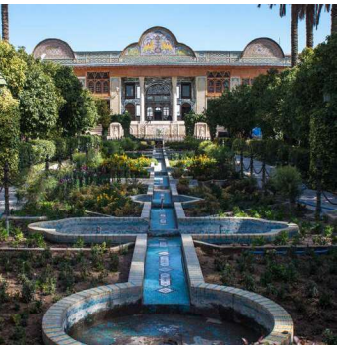
ARMENIAN MONASTIC



BAM LANDSCAPE



GOLESTAN PALACE



THE PERSIAN GARDEN



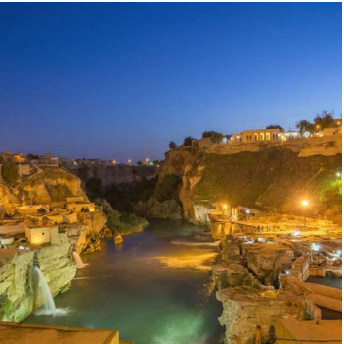
PASARGADAE



PERSEPOLIS



SHEIKH SAFI AL-DIN
KHANEGAH



SHUSHTAR HISTORICAL
HYDRAULIC SYSTEM



SASSANID
ARCHAEOLOGICAL
LANDSCAPE

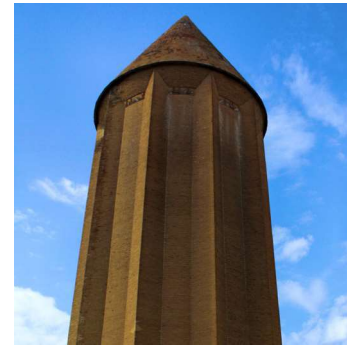
Of course, these sites are offered for UNESCO World Heritage Sites lovers and each city has countless other attractions to visit. You can explore many places and destinations in Iran and we guarantee that you will love them all.



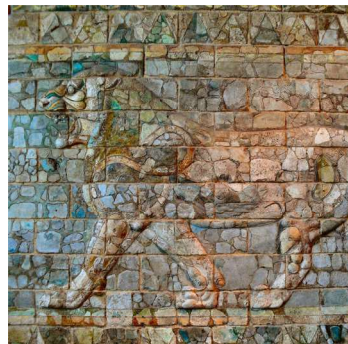
BISOTUN



MAYMAND



GONBAD-E QABUS



SUSA



QANAT



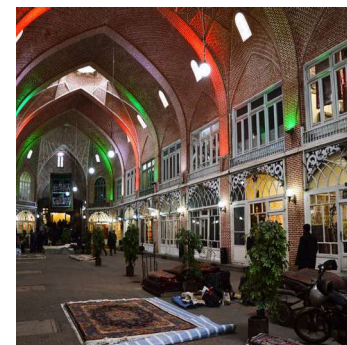
TCHOCHA ZANBIL



TAKHT-E SOLEYMAN



SOLTANIYEH



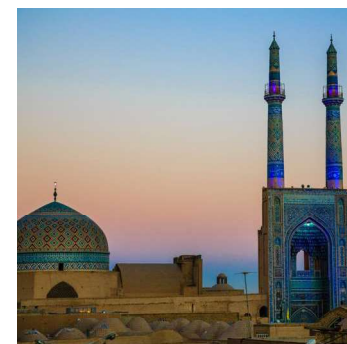
TABRIZ BAZAAR



MASJED-E JAME OF ISFAHAN



MEIDAN EMAM ISFAHAN



HISTORICAL CITY OF YAZD

FRESH-AIR MUSEUM

WORLD HERITAGE SITE - REF: 1584

FRESH-AIR MUSEUM

UNESCO has recently added Hyrcanian Forests in Iran to its list of World Heritage Sites on July 5 in Baku.

The ancient Hyrcanian Forests, distinctively known for its "floristic biodiversity", cover the northern slope of the Alborz Mountain at the southern edge of the Caspian Sea. It is Iran's second natural site listed in UNESCO, after the remarkable Lut Desert which was listed in 2016.

These broad-leaved forests retreated during the Quaternary glaciations and then expanded again as the climate became milder.

- **Age:** 25 to 50 million years
- **Area:** 850 km long, 110 km wide, covers 1.84 M. hectare.
- **Location:** Southern coast of the Caspian Sea in Gilan, Mazandaran, and Golestan in northern Iran.
- **Temperature:** Max. 35 °C - Min 1.5 °C.
- **Humidity:** 74.6 % in the east to 84.6 % in the west.
- **Species:** Up to 60 mammal species, 340 bird, 67 fish, 29 reptile, and 9 amphibian breeds, including the forest, rangelands, and wetlands. The Caspian tiger, the largest carnivore of Iran, became extinct 20 years ago.

Lut Desert

THE 1ST UNESCO WORLD HERITAGE NATURAL SITE IN IRAN

Lut Desert is registered as the 1st UNESCO World Heritage Natural Site of Iran. Lut Desert is a vast desert with more than 40,000 kilometers width in the southeastern part of lovely Iran. This desert shapes about 10% of the whole extent of Iran and is considered to be the 27th great deserts in the world.

Shahdad Kaluts are spread in an 11,000 square meters space and some people call this place "The Legendary City of Kaluts". Shahdad Kaluts are thought to be the reminiscence of an old cursed city in different sources. Bronze and clay objects in the southern part of Kalut signify the probable presence of an ancient social convention. Kaluts have been shaped about 20,000 years ago due to water and wind erosion. Kalut is usually affiliated to some hills that are formed between the U-shaped valleys. The peaks of these hills seem to be flat but the side that is exposed to wind is sharply steeped. Such hills are normally shaped in the old and soft sediments of the lakes and emerge as Kaluts. Professor Parviz Kardovani, desertologist and university professor, describes Shahdad Desert as one of the most beautiful and magnificent deserts around the world and considers Kaluts region as the hottest spot in the globe. He also acknowledges that nowhere else in the world can any Kaluts be found as beautiful as Shahdad Kaluts. In 2005, NASA measured the temperature of this region and it turned out to be 70.7 °C while Arizona Desert was known to be the hottest spot on earth with 63 °C. This theory that Shahdad Kaluts are way hotter than Arizona Desert is not yet registered.

THINGS TO TAKE WITH YOU

Shahdad Kaluts is a desert that you should visit in cool seasons like autumn. Essential things you really have to make sure to take with you when planning to explore Shahdad Kaluts are drinking water, general medicine, snacks, warm clothes, light clothes, visor hat, snickers, power bank, rubbish sack, backpack, first-aid kit, ID card, sun glasses, and sun cream.

70.7 °C
TEMPERATURE

40 Km
LENGTH

27th
WORLD RATE

IRAN

Nomads

LIVE WITH WINDS LIKE QASHQAI NOMADS

IRAN NOMADS

They have chosen to live freely; they have not condemned themselves to houses made of bricks and stones. Instead, they have the company of nature; they dance with the wind, drink from rivers. Their bed is meadows and their ceiling is the sky. They know how to tame nature, they are Qashqai Nomads.

UNIQUE EXPERIENCE

With more than one million population, Qashqai is one of the largest tribes in Iran. Modern lifestyle of the 21st century caused a considerable proportion of them became citizens and villagers, but still many of its people live as nomads. As you may know, Iran has a variety of ethnic groups. Qashqai Nomads are mainly Turkish, and they live in the southwest provinces of the country, especially Fars. As their name indicates, they are always on the move during warm and cold seasons. In summers, when the weather gets hot, and it is difficult to live in their black tents, they depart to more moderate areas, and they call it Yaylak or Yeilagh (a countryside that has cool weather). On the other hand, when the climate gets cold, and it is hard for them to find forage for their livestock, they move to warmer parts of the country called Kishlak (Cheshlagh in Persian). The process of this temporary emigration is fascinating, reminding this popular notion “nothing lasts forever”.

FEATURES

QASHQAI NOMADS HAVE THEIR VERY OWN CULTURAL ITEMS. FROM DIFFERENT FOOD TO DIALECTS.

WATCHING HOW THEY MANAGE TO ADOPT DIFFERENT METHODS TO SURVIVE IN THE WILD AND HOW THEY LIVE THEIR DAILY LIFE TASKS WILL SURELY BE AN UNFORGETTABLE AND FANTASTIC EXPERIENCE FOR YOU.

TEHRAN, AN INSIDER GUIDE

Tehran is the capital and the most popular city in Iran. Therefore, it is the most modern and highly-developed city in the country. This fact has led to the emergence of many immigrants both from other cities in Iran on the one hand and other countries on the other. So, you will see a lot of businessmen and women in addition to tourists during your travel. Regarding its cosmopolitan nature, Tehran is the most crowded city in Iran. This feature has proven to be a very interesting point to the annual tourists. With a long and original history and civilization, Tehran has been the capital city in the past centuries (since 1786). Therefore, Qajar Dynasty, Pahlavi Dynasty, and Islamic Republic have contributed to this city constantly and enormously.

TEHRAN TRAVEL GUIDE

It does not actually matter what taste you have for choosing your travel destination. When it comes to visiting Tehran, a wide range of tastes can be taken into account. From natural backdrops to historical sites, visitors can freely choose their favorite attractions. This travel guide gives you an insight into the capital and by reading the information, you can know which places suit your moods the best. Each edition is aimed at providing some guiding notes about a particular city.

GRAND TEHRAN

TEHRAN INFORMATION



TEHRAN FACTS

There are 22 districts in Tehran. Its time zone is GMT+3:30 and the phone code is +98 (21). Finally, the working hours of most state offices is 7:00-14:00 from Saturday to Thursday.

TEHRAN AIRPORTS

This cosmopolitan city has one domestic airport called Mehrabad Airport and one international airport called Imam Khomeini International Airport.



TEHRAN ATTRACTIONS

You can find many palaces, mansions, museums, parks, skyscrapers as well as famous towers, and traditional bazaars. As the kings of the two previous monarchies cared a lot about the places they wanted to stay at, they built several luxury mansions.



TEHRAN ACCESSIBILITY

Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) is the systematic bus network of Tehran with 10 lines and more than 215 stations in different city spots. Subway in Tehran has 7 lines which carries 3 million passengers and commuters on daily basis. Depending on the attractions you want to visit, you can make a hotel reservation in the same district.



It was a very vibrant, active culture and lively city, I love to see more.

A Traveler (Christopher Peterka)



BAM-E TEHRAN

(TEHRAN'S ROOF):

UNBELIEVABLY EXCITING COMPLEX ABOVE THE CAPITAL CITY

To catch a view of the capital city, you can go to several places in Tehran. In addition to Milad Tower and Tabiat Bridge, we recommend going to Bam-e Tehran. It is highly referred to as a best option for nightlife in Tehran though you can enjoy the activities here during the day as well. Therefore, if you are searching for a place to relax or to experience some adrenaline rushing into your veins after a business meeting or a busy day, this place is quite an offer.

Fresh and mountainous weather would refresh your body and soul here. Turn into a small and free bird, fly into the place, and watch the amazing city from above. Take a break from the crowd and find shelter in Bam-e Tehran Complex. Sit on the benches on top of Tehran and enjoy the silence. The entertainments of the complex contain a multidimensional cinema, sled, bag jump, bungee jumping court, trampoline court, tennis court, zip line, cube club, food court, and a lot of other things that can add up to the joy.

Being a part of Tochal Complex, Bam-e Tehran is located in Velenjak Street. Before getting to the entrance of Bam-e Tehran, you can walk through a path which is called 'Health Road'. If you prefer not to walk, we suggest you take the electric cars and electric minibuses for a charge. Tochal Zip Line Station, Tochal Cube Club, waterfall, and some cafes are located on this road.

THINGS TO DO

- Watching City of Tehran
- Bag Jumping
- Bungee Jumping
- Rock Climbing
- Trampoline Jumping
- Sledding
- Tennis
- Watching 5-Dimensional Movies
- Finding a Way out of Escape Room
- Zip Line
- Telesiege
- Telecabin
- Skiing

ACCESSIBILITIES

If you have a personal car, you can get to Bam-e Tehran via Chamran-North or Modarres-North Highway. Then, you will enter Velenjak Street and find the complex. There is parking for cars and motorcycles for better convenience and safety.

If you like to take BRT (Bus Rapid Transit) buses, you can get to Line 4 and get off at Tabnak Station. There, you can take a taxi and get to the complex.

Find the best kitchen-tested recipes, videos, healthy meals, party menus and cooking techniques from top cooks and the Fine Cooking Test Kitchen.

Into the Woods

CHITGAR FOREST PARK: HIRE A BIKE & STAY HEALTHY!

A silhouette of five people standing with their bicycles against a bright, orange-hued sunset sky. From left to right: a man holding binoculars, a woman pointing, a man adjusting a bike, a man with a backpack, and a person partially visible on the right. The bicycles are parked in a row.

THINGS TO DO HERE

Take a step away from the crowd of the metropolitan capital city of Tehran and find pleasure in the silence and peace of the majestically vast Chitgar Park. Thanks to the four-season climate of Iran, the park has a lot to offer in each season. Choose a bicycle, put on your safety equipment, play your favorite music track, breathe the fresh air in, feel the pleasing smell of nature, and go with the flow of the ride.

Another activity you can do to get rid of the extra pounds that you might gain throughout your journey is to go to Chitgar Forest Park. The park is an area of about 14.5 square kilometers and is located on the west side of the capital city, right next to Karaj-Tehran Highway. As the park is equipped with ramps and various facilities, it is a really suitable place for those who enjoy sports such as skating, hiking, horse riding, and especially cycling. The forest areas of the park covered with pine, ash, cedar, and other trees are irrigated by Kan Creek and Vardavard River.

One of the main advantages of Chitgar Forest Park is its convenient cycling route. The route is five kilometers long and due to its steepness in some parts, it is better not to be used by children and amateurs. Not bringing any bicycle with you to Iran? Well, don't worry about that. You can easily rent one inside the park.



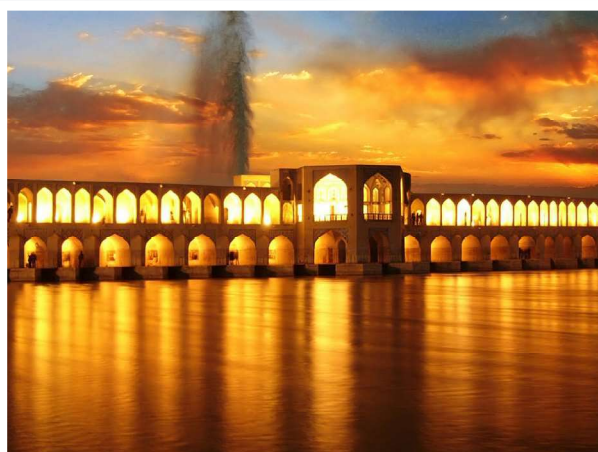
NAQSH-E JAHAN SQUARE

Naqsh-e Jahan Square (also Shah Square), is the main tourist spot of Isfahan, and one of the UNESCO World Heritage Sites. This square is the first place to see while visiting Isfahan and it is full of tourists throughout the year. Naqsh-e Jahan in Farsi means "The image of the world". The square is surrounded by structures of different purpose and architecture, and together with the main bazaar of Isfahan, they comprise the huge complex to explore.



ISFAHAN MUSIC MUSEUM

Music speaks for souls. No matter where you come from, you will understand the joy, fear, bravery, happiness, and sadness of music as it is an international language for all. Isfahan Music Museum is a perfect place to get to know how Persians speak in this unique way by their very own musical instruments throughout the history.



KHAJU BRIDGE

Khaju Bridge is one of the most famous bridges in Iran. As well as being a bridge and weir, this bridge functions as a building and a place for public meetings. It is decorated with paintings and tile works and is a thorough sample of Persian architecture. After 350 years of being constructed, the bridge is still standing proudly over the majestic Zayandehrud River. It functions as a recreation center aiming at facilitating social interactions and cultural exchange.



VANK CATHEDRAL

The Holy Savior Cathedral or the Church of Saintly Sisters is widely known as Vank Cathedral. It is an Armenian church, located in the new Julfa district in the center of Isfahan. The name "Vank" derives from Armenian word "monastery". Due to its outstanding interior, Vank Cathedral is one of the most popular tourist destinations in Isfahan, even among non-Christians.

LIVING TOGETHER

Isfahan is definitely the most famous tourist city of Iran. Traveling to Isfahan can be one of the best things you will experience in Iran. They call it the "Half the World" for good reasons. Architectural masterpieces, turquoise dome, delicious foods and colorful handicrafts are dispensable items of Isfahan. You will need at least four days to visit this magnificent city.

Under the leadership of Safavid kings, especially Abbas the Great (Shah Abbas), Isfahan became one of the most powerful and cultural cities of Iran. During the reign of Shah Abbas, Isfahan became the capital of Iran which made it more important than ever. As Safavid kings loved art, science, and architecture, numerous great buildings, mosques, caravanserai's, and bridges were built in this era.

Besides the breath-taking edifices and the soothing color of blue around the city, you will find Isfahan as an authentic city. Isfahani people have their own foods, accent, and tradition. Another thing that you should not miss in Isfahan is the nightlife. If you are lucky enough, you can find local people singing traditional songs over city bridges.

Take a glance at four outstanding attractions of Isfahan: Naqsh-e Jahan Square, Isfahan Music Museum, Khaju Bridge, and Vank Cathedral.



LIFESTYLE

HIJAB



Hijab is a very controversial matter all over the world including Iran. People with distinct orientations have different viewpoints toward it. In Iran, women have to cover their hair and body according to the rules of Islam and of course the country. Men also have some limitations in their clothing. They are strictly prohibited to wear shorts or sleeveless shirts in public areas. Concerning women, however, it is way more serious because they are responsible to keep the Islamic society morally safe according to Islamic regulations. There are two levels of Hijab in Iran; that is to say, some women tend to have complete Hijab by wearing Chador while others prefer scarf and gown.

The concept of Hijab is based on complicated theories of Islam. Whether someone believes in this religion or not, it is crucially important to respect its followers, no matter what their race or nation is. Certainly, not all the people have negative standpoints about Hijab. Neither do they all think positively about it. The key point is to be mature enough to accept the differences and the way people choose to live.

LIFESTYLE

CLOTHES

Although almost all Iranians who live in the cities wear casual clothes based on Iran's dress code, many of the Iranians in small towns, villages, and nomads still wear traditional Persian clothes. Just like their dialects, any ethnic groups in Iran, like Turks, Kurds, Lors, Balochs, ... have their own local dress.

You might not have the time to travel all over Iran, but you can find anthropological museums in almost every city that you visit. Some of the best museums with this theme in Tehran are Golestan Palace and Sa'ad Abad Complex.

PERSIA IN A GLANCE (CLASSIC TOUR)

Take the journey to have a glance about the beauty of a culture which shows itself in different aspects of history. The tour begins with Tehran Metropolitan City as a symbol of modernity to explore Museums, Palaces and Art, then visiting Kashan to embrace Persian Houses on the way to Isfahan, where culture, handicrafts, and architecture shine in the heart of the city. Embark on the coach to surf the motherland of Persian culture by having excursions to the Tomb of Cyrus the Great (Pasargadae) and legendary legacy of Darius the Great (Persepolis) as UNESCO World Heritage Sites, but also literature, architecture and distinctive gardens as the essence of the city are awaiting you in Shiraz.



Day 1) Arrival at IKA Airport, Transfer to hotel to take a rest, Visiting Tehran, O/ N Tehran. Visiting Carpet Museum, Contemporary Art Museum (Under rebuild) & Nature Bridge.

Day 2) Visiting Tehran, O/N Tehran. Visiting Golestan Palace, Tehran Grand Bazaar, National Jewelry Museum (Sat to Tue 14:30 to 16:30) & Iran National Museum. Having pleasure at your pace.

Day 3) Drive 440 km to Isfahan, an Expedition to Kashan, O/N Isfahan. Having an Expedition to Kashan to Burojerdiha House & Fin Garden.

Day 4) Visiting Isfahan, O/N Isfahan. Visiting Naqsh-e Jahan Square, Qeisarie Gate, Chehel Sooton Palace, & Khajoo and Sio Se Pol Bridges.

Day 5) Drive 480 km to Shiraz, Having an Expedition to Pasargadae, Naqsh-e Rajab & Naqsh-e Rostam. Visiting Quran Gate & Hafez Mausoleum. O/N Shiraz.

Day 6) Visiting Nasir-olmolk Mosque, Narenjestan Garden, Zinat Al-Molk House, Eram Garden & Shahcheragh Holy Shrine. O/N Shiraz.

Day 7) Visiting Shiraz, having an expedition to Persepolis. Depart Iran.

Departure Date: 28th of each month (till the end of Dec 2020)

Price: 840 EUR per person | 5* Accommodation: +220 EUR | Single supplement: +190 EUR

Operation By: Go Persis DMC.

The Price Include:

- 4* DBL Standard Rooms - BB.
- Airport Transfer
- Tour Guide During the Entire Tour
- Visa Approval Code
- Travel Insurance

The Price not Include:

- International Flight
- Meals/Drinks
- Tips

Online Booking



PERSIA IN BROAD (CLASSIC TOUR)

Take a journey to visit Tehran metropolitan city as a symbol of modernity to explore museums and palaces, then Kashan to embrace Persian houses on the way to Isfahan, where culture, crafts & architecture shine in heart of the city. Embark on a coach to touch the motherland of Persian culture by having excursions to Pasargadae and Persepolis as UNESCO World Heritage sites, also surfing literature, architecture and distinctive gardens as the essence of Shiraz, then we will discover Yazd, where is the biggest adobe including peculiar wind-catchers, fire temples and mud-&-brick structures in the world.

Day 1) Arrival at IKA Airport, Transfer to Hotel to Take a Rest. Visiting Carpet Museum, Contemporary Art Museum (Under rebuild) & Nature Bridge. O/N Tehran.

Day 2) Visiting Golestan Palace, Tehran Grand Bazaar, National Jewelry Museum (Sat to Tue 14:30 to 16:30) & Iran National Museum. Having pleasure at your pace. O/N Tehran.

Day 3) Drive 420 km to Isfahan, an Expedition to Kashan. Having an Expedition to Kashan to Burojerdiha House & Fin Garden. Having Pleasure at your pace. O/N Isfahan.

Day 4) Visiting Naqshe Jahan Square, Qeisarie Gate, Chehel Sooton Palace, & Khajoo and Sio Se Pol Bridges. O/N Isfahan.

Day 5) Drive 480 km to Shiraz, an Expedition to Pasargadae & Necropolis, Having an Expedition to Pasargadae, Naqsh-e Rajab & Naqsh-e Rostam. Visiting Quran Gate & Hafez Mausoleum. O/N Shiraz.

Day 6) Visiting Nasir-ol-molk Mosque, Narenjestan Garden, Zinat Al-Molk House, Eram Garden & Shahcheragh Holy Shrine. O/N Shiraz.

Day 7) Drive 440 km to Yazd, an Expedition to Persepolis, Necropolis and Abarkooh City, Having an Expedition to Persepolis & Abarkooh Cypress Tree. Having Pleasure at Your Pace. O/N Yazd.

Day 8) Visiting Jame Mosque, Walking in Historic Area of Fahadan to Alexander prison, Visiting Yazd Fire Temple, Amir Chakhmagh Complex, Zorkhaneh & Dowlat Abad Garden. O/N Yazd.

Day 9) Drive to Kashan, an Expedition to Naein, Having an Expedition to Jameh Mosques of Naein, Desert Anthropology Museum & Water Reservoir in Naein. Visiting Agha Khan Mosque. O/N Kashan.

Day 10) Visiting Kashan, Drive 45 km to IKA Airport, Depart Iran. Visiting Tabatabaei House, Sultan Amir Ahmad Bathhouse & Aminoddole Caravansary.

Departure Date: 28th of each month (till the end of Dec 2020)

Price: 1280 EUR per person | 5* Accommodation: +320 EUR | Single supplement: +280 EUR

The Price Include:

- 4* DBL Standard Rooms - BB.
- Airport Transfer
- Tour Guide During the Entire Tour
- Visa Approval Code
- Travel Insurance

The Price not Include:

- International Flight
- Meals/Drinks
- Tips